

HUFA76413DK8

N-Channel Logic Level UltraFET[®] Power MOSFET 60V, 4.8A, $56m\Omega$

General Description

These N-Channel power MOSFETs are manufactured using the innovative UltraFET® process. This advanced process technology achieves the lowest possible onresistance per silicon area, resulting in outstanding performance. This device is capable of withstanding high energy in the avalanche mode and the diode exhibits very low reverse recovery time and stored charge. It was designed for use in applications where power efficiency is important, such as switching regulators, switching convertors, motor drivers, relay drivers, low-voltage bus switches, and power management in portable and battery-operated products.

Applications

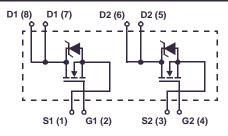
- Motor and Load Control
- · Powertrain Management

Features

- 150°C Maximum Junction Temperature
- UIS Capability (Single Pulse and Repetitive Pulse)
- Ultra-Low On-Resistance $r_{DS(ON)} = 0.049\Omega$, $V_{GS} = 10V$
- Ultra-Low On-Resistance $r_{DS(ON)} = 0.056\Omega$, $V_{GS} = 5V$







MOSFET Maximum Ratings $T_A = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Units
V _{DSS}	Drain to Source Voltage	60	V
V _{GS}	Gate to Source Voltage	±16	V
	Drain Current		
	Continuous ($T_C = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{GS} = 10V$)	5.1	Α
I_D	Continuous (T _C = 25°C, V _{GS} = 5V)	4.8	А
	Continuous ($T_C = 125^{\circ}C$, $V_{GS} = 5V$, $R_{\theta JA} = 228^{\circ}C/W$)	1	А
	Pulsed	Figure 4	А
E _{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy (Note 1)	260	mJ
P _D	Power dissipation	2.5	W
	Derate above 25°C	0.02	W/°C
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Temperature	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient SO-8 (Note 2)	50	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient SO-8 (Note 3)	191	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient SO-8 (Note 4)	228	°C/W

This product has been designed to meet the extreme test conditions and environment demanded by the automotive industry. For a copy of the requirements, see AEC Q101 at: http://www.aecouncil.com/

Reliability data can be found at: http://www.fairchildsemi.com/products/discrete/reliability/index.html.

All Fairchild Semiconductor products are manufactured, assembled and tested under ISO9000 and QS9000 quality systems certification.

Package	Marking	and	Ordering	Information
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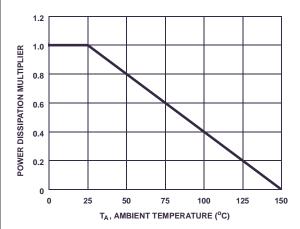
Device Marking	Device	Package	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity
76413DK8	HUFA76413DK8T	SO-8	330mm	12mm	2500 units
76413DK8	HUFA76413DK8	SO-8	Tube	N/A	98 units

Electrical Characteristics $T_A = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units
Off Chara	ecteristics	•	•		•		
B _{VDSS}	Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} =$	· 0V	60	-	-	V
_	Zana Cata Valtana Busin Comment	V _{DS} = 50V		-	-	1	^
I _{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{GS} = 0V$	$T_A = 150^{\circ}C$	-	-	250	μΑ
I_{GSS}	Gate to Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS} = \pm 16V$		-	-	±100	nΑ
On Chara	cteristics						
V _{GS(TH)}	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$, $I_D = 25$	50μΑ	1	-	3	V
		$I_D = 5.1A, V_{GS} = 1$	0V	-	0.041	0.049	
r	Drain to Source On Resistance	$I_D = 4.8A, V_{GS} = 5$	V	-	0.048	0.056	Ω
r _{DS(ON)}	Brain to Gource on Resistance	$I_D = 4.8A, V_{GS} = 5V$ $T_A = 150$ °C		-	0.091	0.106	12
Dynamic	Characteristics	·			•		
C _{ISS}	Input Capacitance	V _{DS} = 25V, V _{GS} = 0V, f = 1MHz		-	620	-	pF
Coss	Output Capacitance			-	180	-	pF
C _{RSS}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			-	30	-	pF
Q _{g(TOT)}	Total Gate Charge at 10V	V _{GS} = 0V to 10V			18	23	nC
Q _{g(5)}	Total Gate Charge at 5V	$V_{GS} = 0V \text{ to } 5V$	V _{DD} = 30V	-	10	13	nC
Q _{q(TH)}	Threshold Gate Charge	V _{GS} = 0V to 1V	_D = 4.8A	-	0.6	0.8	nC
Q _{gs}	Gate to Source Gate Charge	1	$_{g} = 1.0 \text{mA}$	-	1.8	-	nC
Q_{gd}	Gate to Drain "Miller" Charge			-	5	-	nC
Switching	Characteristics (V _{GS} = 5V)						
t _{ON}	Turn-On Time			-	-	44	ns
t _{d(ON)}	Turn-On Delay Time		•	-	10	-	ns
t _r	Rise Time	$V_{DD} = 30V, I_{D} = 1A$	4	-	19	-	ns
t _{d(OFF)}	Turn-Off Delay Time	$V_{GS} = 5V, R_{GS} = 1$		-	45	-	ns
t _f	Fall Time			-	27	-	ns
t _{OFF}	Turn-Off Time			-	-	108	ns
 Drain-Soເ	urce Diode Characteristics						
\/	Course to Drain Diede Veltere	I _{SD} = 4.8A		-	-	1.25	V
V_{SD}	Source to Drain Diode Voltage	I _{SD} = 2.4A			-	1.0	V
t _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_{SD} = 4.8A$, dI_{SD}/dt	t = 100A/μs	-		43	ns
Q _{RR}	Reverse Recovered Charge	$I_{SD} = 4.8A, dI_{SD}/dt = 100A/\mu s$		-	-	55	nC

- Notes: 1: Starting T_J = 25°C, L = 20mH, I_{AS} = 5.1A 2: R_{0,JA} is 50 °C/W when mounted on a 0.5 in² copper pad on FR-4 at 1 second. 3: R_{0,JA} is 191 °C/W when mounted on a 0.027 in² copper pad on FR-4 at 1000 seconds. 4: R_{0,JA} is 228 °C/W when mounted on a 0.006 in² copper pad on FR-4 at 1000 seconds.





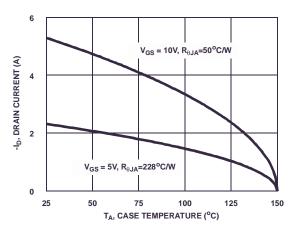


Figure 1. Normalized Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature

Figure 2. Maximum Continuous Drain Current vs Case Temperature

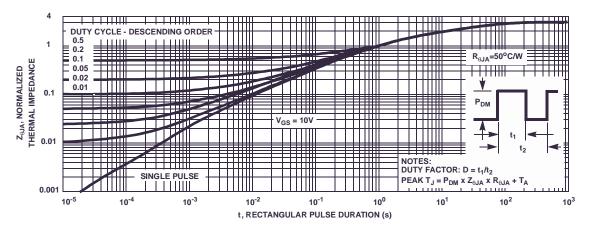


Figure 3. Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

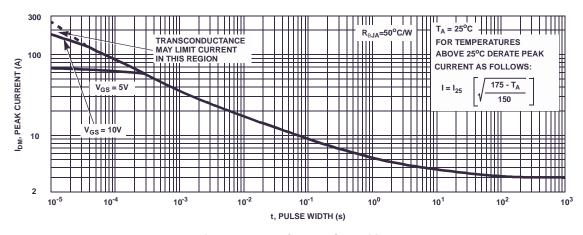


Figure 4. Peak Current Capability

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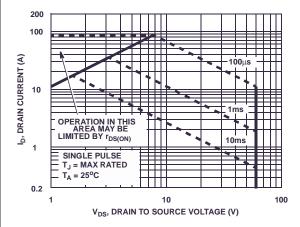


Figure 5. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

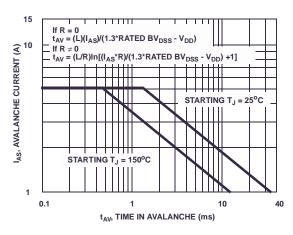


Figure 6. Unclamped Inductive Switching Capability

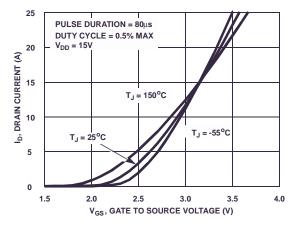


Figure 7. Transfer Characteristics

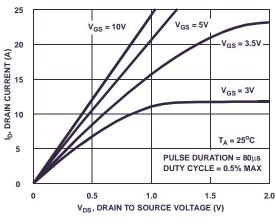


Figure 8. Saturation Characteristics

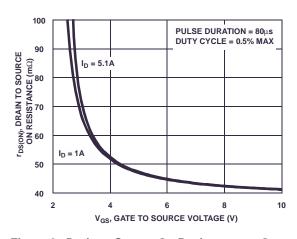


Figure 9. Drain to Source On Resistance vs Gate
Voltage and Drain Current

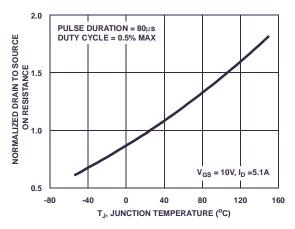


Figure 10. Normalized Drain to Source On Resistance vs Junction Temperature

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Typical Characteristics $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted

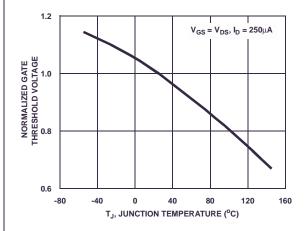


Figure 11. Normalized Gate Threshold Voltage vs Junction Temperature

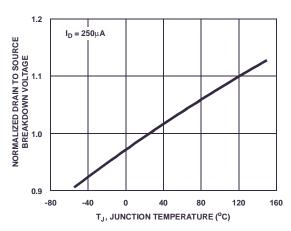


Figure 12. Normalized Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage vs Junction Temperature

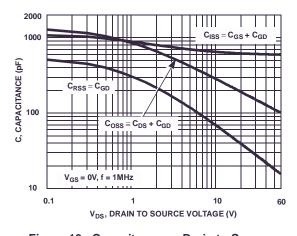


Figure 13. Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage

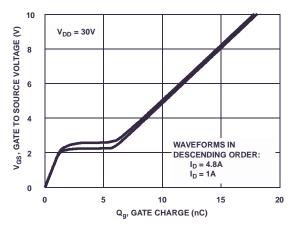


Figure 14. Gate Charge Waveforms for Constant Gate Currents

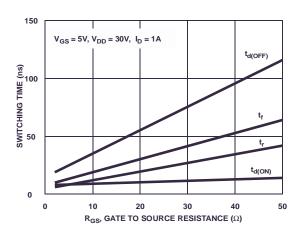


Figure 15. Switching Time vs Gate Resistance

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Test Circuits and Waveforms

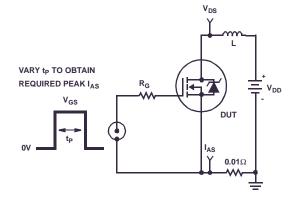


Figure 16. Unclamped Energy Test Circuit

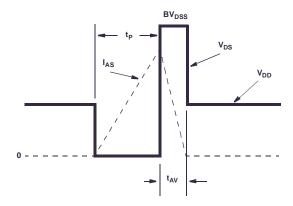


Figure 17. Unclamped Energy Waveforms

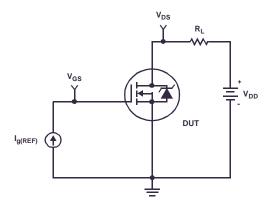


Figure 18. Gate Charge Test Circuit

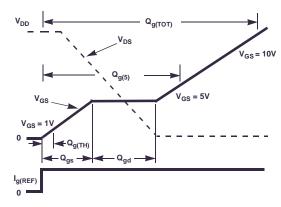


Figure 19. Gate Charge Waveforms

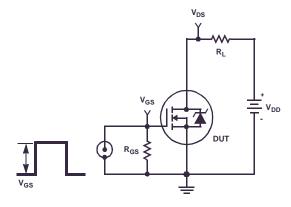


Figure 20. Switching Time Test Circuit

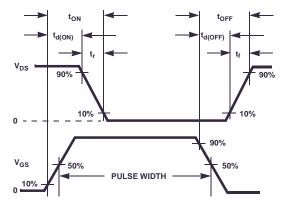


Figure 21. Switching Time Waveforms

Thermal Resistance vs. Mounting Pad Area

The maximum rated junction temperature, T_{JM} , and the thermal resistance of the heat dissipating path determines the maximum allowable device power dissipation, P_{DM} , in an application. Therefore the application's ambient temperature, T_A (°C), and thermal resistance $R_{\theta JA}$ (°C/W) must be reviewed to ensure that T_{JM} is never exceeded. Equation 1 mathematically represents the relationship and serves as the basis for establishing the rating of the part.

$$P_{DM} = \frac{(T_{JM} - T_A)}{R_{\theta JA}} \tag{EQ. 1}$$

In using surface mount devices such as the SO-8 package, the environment in which it is applied will have a significant influence on the part's current and maximum power dissipation ratings. Precise determination of P_{DM} is complex and influenced by many factors:

- Mounting pad area onto which the device is attached and whether there is copper on one side or both sides of the board.
- The number of copper layers and the thickness of the board.
- 3. The use of external heat sinks.
- 4. The use of thermal vias.
- 5. Air flow and board orientation.
- For non steady state applications, the pulse width, the duty cycle and the transient thermal response of the part, the board and the environment they are in.

Fairchild provides thermal information to assist the designer's preliminary application evaluation. Figure 22 defines the $R_{\theta JA}$ for the device as a function of the top copper (component side) area. This is for a horizontally positioned FR-4 board with 1oz copper after 1000 seconds of steady state power with no air flow. This graph provides the necessary information for calculation of the steady state junction temperature or power dissipation. Pulse applications can be evaluated using the Fairchild device Spice thermal model or manually utilizing the normalized maximum transient thermal impedance curve.

Thermal resistances corresponding to other copper areas can be obtained from Figure 22 or by calculation using Equation 2. The area, in square inches is the top copper area including the gate and source pads.

$$R_{\Theta,IA} = 103.2 - 24.3 \ln(Area)$$
 (EQ. 2)

The dual die SO-8 package introduces an additional thermal coupling resistance, $R_{\theta \rm B}$. Equation 3 describes $R_{\theta \rm B}$ as a function of the top copper mouting pad area.

$$R_{\Theta R} = 46.4 - 21.7 \ln(Area)$$
 (EQ. 3)

The thermal coupling resistance vs. copper area is also graphically depicted in Figure 22.

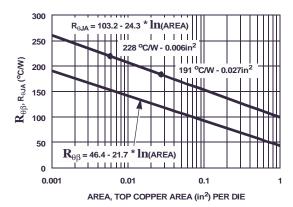


Figure 22. Thermal Resistance vs Mounting
Pad Area

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PSPICE Electrical Model
.SUBCKT HUFA76413DK8T 2 1 3 ;
                                 rev April 2002
CA 12 8 7.8e-10
CB 15 14 9.8e-10
                                                                                               LDRAIN
CIN 6 8 5.8e-10
                                                           DPLCAP
                                                                                                       DRAIN

2
                                                        10
DBODY 7 5 DBODYMOD
                                                                                              RLDRAIN
DBREAK 5 11 DBREAKMOD
                                                                    ≷RSLC1
                                                                                DBREAK 
DPLCAP 10 5 DPLCAPMOD
                                                         RSLC2<sup>₹</sup>
                                                                       ESLC
EBREAK 11 7 17 18 67.4
                                                                                      11
EDS 14 8 5 8 1
                                                                     50
EGS 13 8 6 8 1
                                                                    ≨RDRAIN
                                                                                       17
                                                                                            DBODY
ESG 6 10 6 8 1
                                                  ESG
                                                                               FRRFAK
EVTHRES 6 21 19 8 1
                                                           EVTHRES
                                                                        16
EVTEMP 20 6 18 22 1
                                                              (19)
8
                                                                                 MWEAK
                                   LGATE
                                                 EVTEMP
                                          RGATE
                                    MMED
IT 8 17 1
                                                  18
22
                                         J 9
                                               20
                                                                MSTRC
                                   RLGATE
LDRAIN 2 5 1e-9
                                                                                              LSOURCE
LGATE 1 9 1.34e-9
                                                                CIN
                                                                                                       SOURCE
LSOURCE 3 7 0.59e-9
                                                                                 RSOURCE
                                                                                             RLSOURCE
MMFD 16 6 8 8 MMFDMOD
MSTRO 16 6 8 8 MSTROMOD
                                                                                    RBREAK
                                                    <u>13</u>
8
                                                         14
13
MWEAK 16 21 8 8 MWEAKMOD
                                                                                 17
                                                                                            RVTEMP
                                                 S1B
                                                         o S2B
RBREAK 17 18 RBREAKMOD 1
                                                       13
                                                                СВ
                                                                                            19
RDRAIN 50 16 RDRAINMOD 22.5e-3
                                            CA
                                                                               IT
RGATE 9 20 2.2
                                                                                              VBAT
RLDRAIN 2 5 10
                                                                  <u>5</u>
8
                                                    EGS
RLGATE 1 9 13.4
                                                                              8
RLSOURCE 375.9
RSLC1 5 51 RSLCMOD 1e-6
                                                                                    RVTHRES
RSLC2 5 50 1e3
RSOURCE 8 7 RSOURCEMOD 15.3e-3
RVTHRES 22 8 RVTHRESMOD 1
RVTEMP 18 19 RVTEMPMOD 1
S1A 6 12 13 8 S1AMOD
S1B 13 12 13 8 S1BMOD
S2A 6 15 14 13 S2AMOD
S2B 13 15 14 13 S2BMOD
VBAT 22 19 DC 1
ESLC 51 50 VALUE={(V(5,51)/ABS(V(5,51)))*(PWR(V(5,51)/(1e-6*180),2.5))}
.MODEL DBODYMOD D (IS = 8e-13 RS = 1.58e-2 TRS1 = 1e-3 TRS2 = 3e-6 XTI=3.2 CJO = 8e-10 TT = 3.2e-8 M = 0.54)
.MODEL DBREAKMOD D (RS = 1.18 TRS1 = 2e-3 TRS2 = -2.6e-5)
.MODEL DPLCAPMOD D (CJO = 5.7e-10 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 M = 0.87)
.MODEL MMEDMOD NMOS (VTO = 1.68 KP = 2 IS =1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u RG = 2.2)
.MODEL MSTROMOD NMOS (VTO = 2.05 KP =35 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u)
.MODEL MWEAKMOD NMOS (VTO = 1.48 KP = 0.04 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u RG = 22 RS = 0.1)
.MODEL RBREAKMOD RES (TC1 = 1.15e-3 TC2 = -7.5e-7)
.MODEL RDRAINMOD RES (TC1 = 8.5e-3 TC2 = 1.2e-5)
.MODEL RSLCMOD RES (TC1 = 3e-2 TC2 = 5.3e-7)
.MODEL RSOURCEMOD RES (TC1 = 1e-3 TC2 = 1e-6)
.MODEL RVTHRESMOD RES (TC1 = -1.4e-3 TC2 = -7e-6)
.MODEL RVTEMPMOD RES (TC1 = -1.5e-3 TC2 = 2e-7)
.MODEL S1AMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = -5.0 VOFF= -1.0)
.MODEL S1BMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = -1.0 VOFF= -5.0)
.MODEL S2AMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = -0.2 VOFF= 0.2)
.MODEL S2BMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = 0.2 VOFF= -0.2)
Note: For further discussion of the PSPICE model, consult A New PSPICE Sub-Circuit for the Power MOSFET Featuring Global
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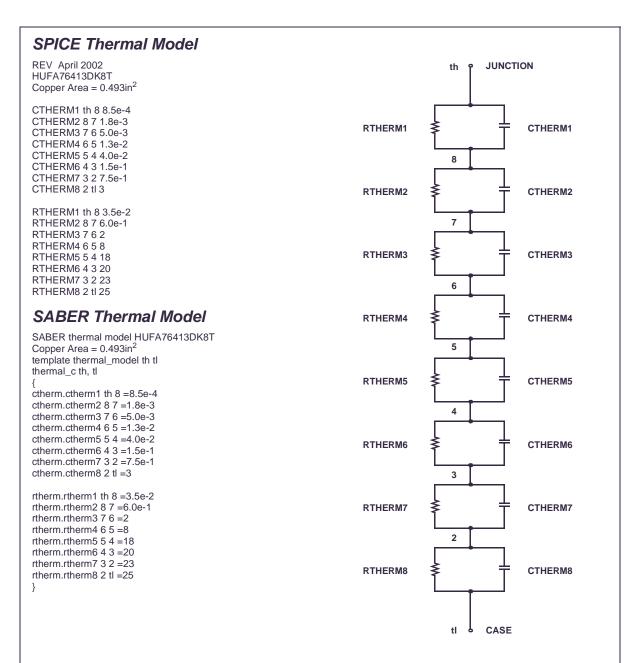
Temperature Options; IEEE Power Electronics Specialist Conference Records, 1991, written by William J. Hepp and C. Frank

Wheatley

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```
SABER Electrical Model
REV April 2002
template HUFA76413DK8T n2,n1,n3
electrical n2,n1,n3
var i iscl
dp..model dbodymod = (isl = 8e-13, rs = 1.58e-2, trs1 = 1e-3, trs2 = 3e-6, xti = 3.2, cjo = 8e-10, tt = 3.2e-8, m = 0.54)
dp., model dbreakmod = (rs = 1.18, trs1 = 2e-3, trs2 = -2.6e-5)
dp..model dplcapmod = (cjo = 5.7e-10, isl =10e-30, nl =10, m = 0.87)
m.model mmedmod = (type=_n, vto = 1.68, kp = 2, is =1e-30, tox=1)
m..model mstrongmod = (type=_n, vto = 2.05, kp = 35, is = 1e-30, tox = 1)
m..model mweakmod = (type=_n, vto = 1.48, kp = 0.04, is = 1e-30, tox = 1, rs=0.1)
sw_vcsp..model s1amod = (ron = 1e-5, roff = 0.1, von = -5.0, voff = -1.0)
sw_vcsp..model s1bmod = (ron =1e-5, roff = 0.1, von = -1.0, voff = -5.0)
sw_vcsp..model s2amod = (ron = 1e-5, roff = 0.1, von = -0.2, voff = 0.2)
sw_vcsp..model s2bmod = (ron = 1e-5, roff = 0.1, von = 0.2, voff = -0.2)
                                                                                                             LDRAIN
                                                                    DPLCAP
                                                                                                                       DRAIN
                                                                 10
c.ca n12 n8 = 7.8e-10
                                                                                                            RLDRAIN
c.cb n15 n14 = 9.8e-10
                                                                              ₹RSLC1
c.cin n6 n8 = 5.8e-10
                                                                  RSLC2
                                                                                  ISCL
dp.dbody n7 n5 = model=dbodymod
dp.dbreak n5 n11 = model=dbreakmod
                                                                                            DBREAK 3
                                                                                50
dp.dplcap n10 n5 = model=dplcapmod
                                                                              ≨RDRAIN
                                                          ESG (
                                                                                                   11
                                                                                                          DBODY
i.it n8 n17 = 1
                                                                     FVTHRFS
                                                                       (<u>19</u>)
                                                                                              MWEAK
                                         LGATE
                                                        EVTEMP
I.ldrain n2 n5 = 1e-9
                                                 RGATE
I.lgate n1 n9 = 1.34e-9
                                                           18
22
                                                                                              EBREAK
                                                                                  ★MMED
I.Isource n3 n7 = 0.59e-9
                                                        20
                                                                          MSTRO
                                         RLGATE
                                                                                                            LSOURCE
m.mmed n16 n6 n8 n8 = model=mmedmod, l=1u, w=1u
                                                                          CIN
                                                                                                                      SOURCE
m.mstrong n16 n6 n8 n8 = model=mstrongmod, l=1u, w=1u
                                                                                                                       •
m.mweak n16 n21 n8 n8 = model=mweakmod, l=1u, w=1u
                                                                                           RSOURCE
                                                                                                            RLSOURCE
                                                         S1A
res.rbreak n17 n18 = 1, tc1 = 1.15e-3, tc2 = -7.5e-7
                                                                                                 RBREAK
                                                            <u>13</u>
8
                                                                  14
13
res.rdrain n50 n16 = 22.5e-3, tc1 = 8.5e-3, tc2 = 1.2e-5
                                                                                              17
                                                                                                          18
res.rgate n9 n20 = 2.2
                                                                                                         ≷RVTEMP
                                                         S1B
                                                                  oS2B
res.rldrain n2 n5 = 10
                                                                          СВ
                                                                                                           19
res.rlgate n1 n9 = 13.4
                                                   CA
                                                                                            IT
                                                                               14
res.rlsource n3 n7 = 5.9
                                                                                                            VBAT
res.rslc1 n5 n51= 1e-6, tc1 = 3e-2, tc2 =5.3e-7
                                                                  8
                                                            EGS
res.rslc2 n5 n50 = 1e3
res.rsource n8 n7 = 15.3e-3. tc1 = 1e-3. tc2 = 1e-6
res.rvtemp n18 n19 = 1, tc1 = -1.5e-3, tc2 = 2e-7
                                                                                                 RVTHRES
res.rvthres n22 n8 = 1, tc1 = -1.4e-3, tc2 = -7e-6
spe.ebreak n11 n7 n17 n18 = 67.4
spe.eds n14 n8 n5 n8 = 1
spe.eqs n13 n8 n6 n8 = 1
spe.esg n6 n10 n6 n8 = 1
spe.evtemp n20 n6 n18 n22 = 1
spe.evthres n6 n21 n19 n8 = 1
sw_vcsp.s1a n6 n12 n13 n8 = model=s1amod
sw_vcsp.s1b n13 n12 n13 n8 = model=s1bmod
sw_vcsp.s2a n6 n15 n14 n13 = model=s2amod
sw_vcsp.s2b n13 n15 n14 n13 = model=s2bmod
v.vbat n22 n19 = dc=1
equations {
i(n51->n50) +=iscl
iscl: v(n51,n50) = ((v(n5,n51)/(1e-9+abs(v(n5,n51))))*((abs(v(n5,n51)*1e6/180))** 2.5))
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CoolFET™	GlobalOptoisolator™	POP^{TM}	SuperSOT™-3
CROSSVOLT™	GTO™	Power247™	SuperSOT™-6
DenseTrench™	HiSeC™	PowerTrench [®]	SuperSOT™-8
DOME™	I^2C^{TM}	QFET™	SyncFET™
EcoSPARK™	ISOPLANAR™	QS TM	TinyLogic™
E ² CMOS TM	LittleFET™	QT Optoelectronics™	TruTranslation™
EnSigna™	MicroFET™	Quiet Series™	UHC™
FACT™	MicroPak™	SILENT SWITCHER®	UltraFET [®]
FACT Quiet Series™	MICROWIRE™	SMART START™	VCX^{TM}
FAST [®]	OPTOLOGIC [®]	SPM™	

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1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.

2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
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