

Low Power Precision Operational Amplifier

PM1012

FEATURES

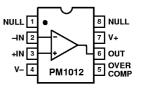
Low Supply Current: 600 μA Max Very Low Offset: 35 μV Max Low Drift: 1.5 μV/°C Max Very Low Bias Current 25°C: 100 pA Max

Low Noise: $0.5\,\mu\text{V}$ p-p Typ

High Common-Mode Rejection: 114 dB Min

PIN CONNECTIONS

Plastic Mini-DIP (P Suffix) 8-Lead SO (S Suffix)



GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The PM1012 is a general purpose, precision operational amplifier. Offering several performance enhancements over industry-standard precision op amps such as the OP07, the PM1012 requires less than 1/6 the supply current. These enhancements include exceptionally low bias currents of only $\pm\,80$ pA, typical, over the full military temperature range, and 132 dB of common-mode rejection and power-supply rejection. The PM1012's low offset voltage of 35 μV maximum frees the user from external nulling in most circuits.

An open-loop gain of two million into a $10 \, k\Omega$ load ensures that excellent linearity is maintained even in high gain configurations, and 5 mA of output current allows $2 \, k\Omega$ loads to be driven with an open-loop gain of one million. The PM1012 offers low noise, especially for a low power amplifier—only $17 \, nV/\overline{Hz}$ at $10 \, Hz$. Exceptionally low current noise minimizes

noise contributions when high source impedances are used. The PM1012 may be overcompensated, using Pin 5 to limit the amplifier's bandwidth, further reducing system noise and increasing stability with large capacitive loads.

The PM1012 conforms to the OP07 pinout with nulling through Pins 1 and 8 to the positive supply. It offers an upgrade to the OP07 in sockets where reduced power dissipation or low bias currents are attractive. It may also be used as an upgrade from the OP12, OP05 and 725 type op amps. The PM1012 may replace 741 type op amps by removing the nulling potentiometer, if used.

PM1012-SPECIFICATIONS

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (@ $V_S = \pm 15 \text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)

| | | | | PM1012G | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--|-------|------------|------|----------------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
| Input Offset Voltage | V _{OS} | (Note 1) | | 10 | 50 | μV |
| | | | | 25 | 120 | μV |
| Long-Term | | | | | | |
| V _{OS} Stability | ΔV_{OS} /Time | | | 0.3 | | μV/Month |
| Input Offset Current | I_{OS} | (Note 1) | | 20 | 150 | pA |
| | | | | 30 | 200 | pA |
| Input Bias Current | $I_{\rm B}$ | (Note 1) | | ±30 | ±150 | pA |
| | | | | ± 40 | ±200 | pA |
| Input Noise Voltage | e _n p-p | 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz | | 0.5 | | μV p <u>-p</u> |
| Input Noise Voltage Density | e_n | $f_{\rm O} = 10 \; \rm Hz^2$ | | 17 | 30 | nV/√Hz |
| | | $f_O = 1000 \text{ Hz}^3$ | | 14 | 22 | nV/√ <u>Hz</u> |
| Input Noise Current Density | I_n | $f_O = 10 \text{ Hz}$ | | 20 | | fA√Hz |
| Large-Signal Voltage Gain | A_{VO} | $V_{\rm O} = \pm 12 \text{ V}; R_{\rm L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ | 200 | 2000 | | V/mV |
| | | $V_{\rm O} = \pm 10 \text{ V}; R_{\rm L} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ | 120 | 1000 | | V/mV |
| Common-Mode Rejection | CMR | $V_{CM} = \pm 13.5 \text{ V}$ | 110 | 132 | | dB |
| Power-Supply Rejection | PSR | $V_S = \pm 2 \text{ V to } \pm 20 \text{ V}$ | 110 | 132 | | dB |
| Input Voltage Range | IVR | (Note 4) | ±13.5 | ± 14.0 | | V |
| Output Voltage Swing | V_{O} | $R_{\rm L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ | ±13 | ± 14 | | V |
| Slew Rate | SR | | 0.1 | 0.2 | | V/µs |
| Full-Power Bandwidth | BW_P | | | 3 | | kHz |
| Gain Bandwidth Product | GBW | $A_{V} = +100$ | | 0.5 | | MHz |
| Supply Current | I_{SY} | (Note 1) | | 380 | 600 | μΑ |
| Supply Voltage | V_{S} | Operating Range | ±2 | ±15 | ±20 | V |

NOTES

Specifications subject to change without notice.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (@ $V_S = \pm 15 \text{ V}, V_{CM} = 0 \text{ V}, -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_A \le +85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ for PM1012GP, GS, unless otherwise noted)

| | | | | PM1012G | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|--|-------|------------|------|-------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
| Input Offset Voltage | V _{OS} | | | 20 | 120 | μV |
| _ | | | | 30 | 200 | μV |
| Average Temperature | TCV _{OS} | (Note 1) | | | | ' |
| Coefficient of Vos | | | | 0.2 | 1.5 | μV/°C |
| Input Offset Current | I_{OS} | (Note 1) | | 20 | 230 | pA |
| _ | | | | 40 | 300 | pA |
| Average Temperature | TCIos | | | | | |
| Coefficient of Ios | | | | 0.3 | 2.5 | pA/°C |
| Input Bias Current | I_{B} | (Note 1) | | ±35 | ±230 | pA |
| - | | | | ±50 | ±300 | pA |
| Average Temperature | | | | | | |
| Coefficient of I _B | TCI_B | | | 0.3 | 2.5 | pA/°C |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain | Avo | $V_{\rm O} = \pm 12 \text{ V}; R_{\rm L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ | 150 | 1500 | | V/mV |
| | | $V_{\rm O} = \pm 10 \text{ V}; R_{\rm L} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ | 100 | 800 | | V/mV |
| Common-Mode Rejection | CMR | $V_{CM} = \pm 13.5 \text{ V}$ | 108 | 130 | | dB |
| Power Supply Rejection | PSR | $V_S = \pm 2.5 \text{ V to } \pm 20 \text{ V}$ | 108 | 128 | | dB |
| Input Voltage Range | IVR | (Note 2) | ±13.5 | ± 14.0 | | V |
| Output Voltage Swing | V_{O} | $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ | ±13 | ±14 | | V |
| Slew Rate | SR | | 0.05 | 0.15 | | V/µs |
| Supply Current | I_{SY} | (Note 1) | | 400 | 800 | μA |
| Supply Voltage | V_{S} | Operating Range | ±2.5 | ± 15 | ±20 | V |

NOTES

2 REV. C

 $[\]label{eq:VSS} \begin{tabular}{l} \begin{tabular} \begin{tabular}{l} \begin{tabular}{l} \begin{tabular}{l}$

²10 Hz noise voltage density is sample tested. Devices 100% tested for noise are available on request.

³Sample tested.

⁴Guaranteed by CMR test.

¹These specifications apply for ± 2.5 V ≤ V_S ≤ ± 20 V and -13.5 V ≤ V_{CM} ≤ +13.5 V (for V_S = ± 15 V).

²Guaranteed by CMR test.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

PM1012

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

| Supply Voltage |
|--|
| Input Voltage ² |
| Differential Input Voltage ³ ±1 V |
| Differential Input Current ³ ±10 mA |
| Output Short-Circuit Duration Indefinite |
| Operating Temperature Range |
| PM1012G (P, S)40°C to +85°C |
| Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C |
| Junction Temperature Range –65°C to +150°C |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec) +300°C |

| Package Type | $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}^{-4}$ | $\theta_{ m JC}$ | Units |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-------|
| 8-Lead Plastic DIP (P) | 103 | 43 | °C/W |
| 8-Lead SO (S) | 158 | 43 | °C/W |

NOTES

¹Absolute maximum ratings apply to both DICE and packaged parts, unless otherwise noted.

 $^2\!For$ supply voltages less than ± 20 V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

³The PM1012's inputs are protected by back-to-back diodes. Current-limiting resistors are not used in order to achieve low noise. Differential input voltages greater than 1 V will cause excessive current to flow through the input protection diodes unless limiting resistance is used.

 $^4\theta_{JA}$ is specified for worst case mounting conditions, i.e., θ_{JA} is specified for device in socket for cerdip, and P-DIP packages; θ_{JA} is specified for device soldered to printed circuit board for SO package.

ORDERING GUIDE

| Model | Temperature | Package | Package | |
|----------|----------------|-------------|---------|--|
| | Range | Description | Options | |
| PM1012GP | -40°C to +85°C | Plastic DIP | N-8 | |
| PM1012GS | -40°C to +85°C | SOIC | SO-8 | |

CAUTION _

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Electrostatic charges as high as 4000 V readily accumulate on the human body and test equipment and can discharge without detection. Although the PM1012 features proprietary ESD protection circuitry, permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy electrostatic discharges. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

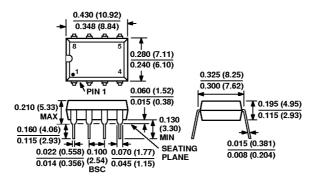


REV. C –3–

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

Dimensions shown in inches and (mm).

8-Lead Plastic DIP (N-8)



8-Lead SOIC (SO-8)

