

- Bidirectional Transceiver
- Suitable for Most EIA Standards RS-422-A and RS-485 Applications
- Designed for Multipoint Transmission on Long Bus Lines in Noisy Environments
- 3-State Driver and Receiver Outputs
- Individual Driver and Receiver Enables
- Wide Positive and Negative Input/Output Bus Voltage Ranges
- Driver Output Capability . . .  $\pm 60$  mA Max
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Driver Positive- and Negative-Current Limiting
- Receiver Input Sensitivity . . .  $\pm 200$  mV
- Receiver Input Hysteresis . . . 50 mV Typ
- Operates From Single 5-V Supply
- Low Power Requirements

### description

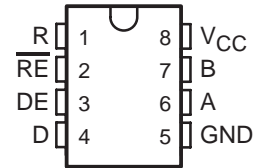
The SN95176B differential bus transceiver is a monolithic integrated circuit designed for bi-directional data communication on multipoint bus transmission lines. The transceiver is suitable for most RS-422-A and RS-485 applications to the extent of the specified data sheet characteristics and operating conditions.

The SN95176B combines a 3-state differential line driver and a differential input line receiver, both of which operate from a single 5-V power supply. The driver and receiver have active-high and active-low enables, respectively, that can be externally connected together to function as a direction control. The driver differential outputs and the receiver differential inputs are connected internally to form differential input/output (I/O) bus ports that are designed to offer minimum loading to the bus whenever the driver is disabled or  $V_{CC} = 0$ . These ports feature wide positive and negative common-mode voltage ranges making the device suitable for party-line applications.

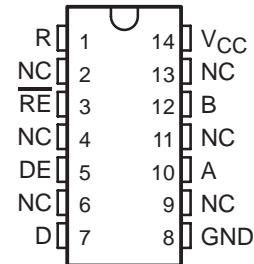
The driver is designed to handle loads up to 60 mA of sink or source current. The driver features positive- and negative-current limiting and thermal shutdown for protection from line fault conditions. Thermal shutdown is designed to occur at a junction temperature of approximately 150°C. The receiver features a minimum input impedance of 12 k $\Omega$ , an input sensitivity of  $\pm 200$  mV, and a typical input hysteresis of 50 mV.

The SN95176B is characterized for operation from  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $110^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

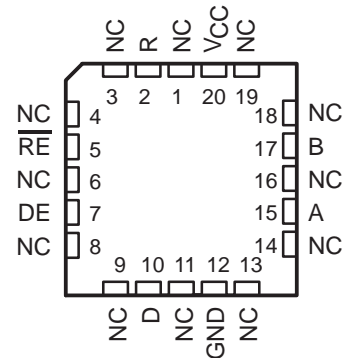
**JG PACKAGE**  
(TOP VIEW)



**W PACKAGE**  
(TOP VIEW)



**FK PACKAGE**  
(TOP VIEW)



NC – No internal connection

# SN95176B

## DIFFERENTIAL BUS TRANSCEIVER

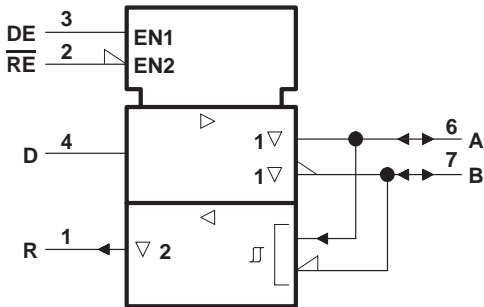
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Function Tables

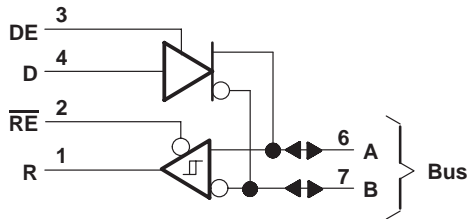
DRIVER				RECEIVER		
INPUT D	ENABLE DE	OUTPUTS		DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS A – B	ENABLE RE	OUTPUT R
		A	B			
H	H	H	L	$V_{ID} \geq 0.2\text{ V}$	L	H
L	H	L	H	$-0.2\text{ V} < V_{ID} < 0.2\text{ V}$	L	?
X	L	Z	Z	$V_{ID} \leq -0.2\text{ V}$	L	L
				X	H	Z

H = high level, L = low level, ? = indeterminate, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off)

logic symbol†

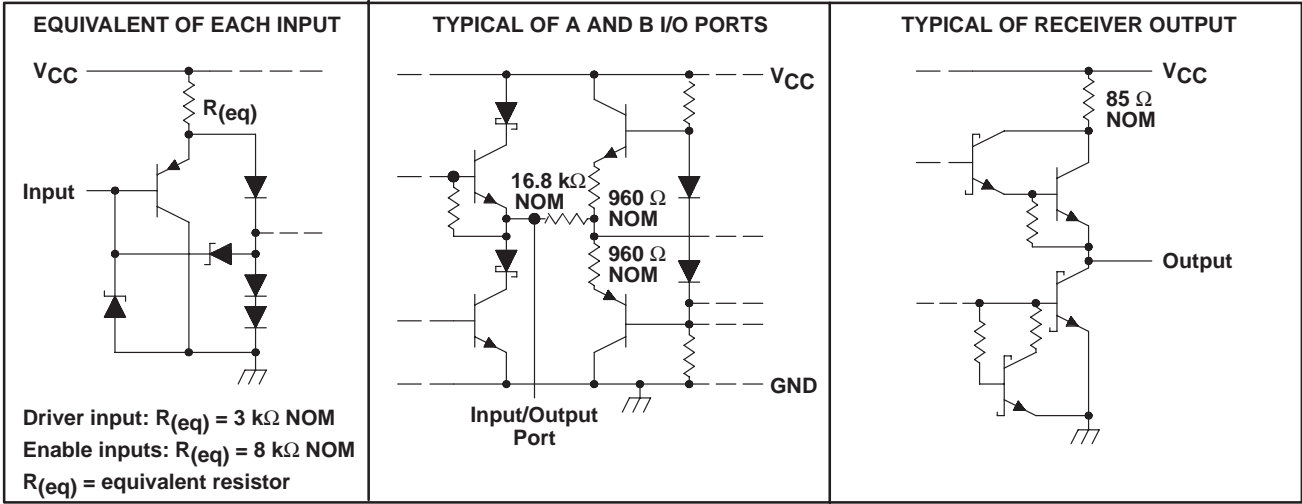


logic diagram (positive logic)



† This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12. Terminal numbers shown are for the JG package.

schematics of inputs and outputs



**absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>**

Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$ (see Note 1)	7 V
Voltage at any bus terminal	–10 V to 15 V
Enable input voltage, $V_I$	5.5 V
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, $T_A$	–40°C to 110°C
Storage temperature range, $T_{stg}$	–65°C to 150°C
Case temperature for 60 seconds, $T_C$ : FK package	260°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 60 seconds: JG or W package	300°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: All voltage values, except differential input/output bus voltage, are with respect to network ground terminal.

**DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PACKAGE	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 110^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
FK	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	715 mW	440 mW
JG	1050 mW	8.4 mW/°C	672 mW	546 mW	336 mW
W	1000 mW	8.0 mW/°C	640 mW	520 mW	320 mW

**recommended operating conditions**

		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$		4.75	5	5.25	V
Voltage at any bus terminal (separately or common-mode), $V_I$ or $V_{IC}$				12	V
				–7	
High-level input voltage, $V_{IH}$	D, DE, and $\overline{RE}$	2			V
Low-level input voltage, $V_{IL}$	D, DE, and $\overline{RE}$			0.8	V
Differential input voltage, $V_{ID}$ (see Note 2)				±12	V
High-level output current, $I_{OH}$	Driver			–60	mA
	Receiver			–400	µA
Low-level output current, $I_{OL}$	Driver			60	mA
	Receiver			8	
Operating free-air temperature, $T_A$		–40		110	°C

NOTE 2: Differential-input/output bus voltage is measured at the noninverting terminal A with respect to the inverting terminal B.

# SN95176B

## DIFFERENTIAL BUS TRANSCEIVER

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### DRIVER SECTION

**electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION <sup>†</sup>	MIN	TYP <sup>‡</sup>	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IK}$ Input clamp voltage	$I_I = -18 \text{ mA}$			-1.5	V
$V_O$ Output voltage	$I_O = 0$	0		6	V
$ V_{OD1} $ Differential output voltage	$I_O = 0$	1.5		6	V
$ V_{OD2} $ Differential output voltage	$R_L = 100 \Omega$ , See Figure 1	2			V
	$R_L = 54 \Omega$ , See Figure 1	1.5	2.5	5	V
$V_{OD3}$ Differential output voltage	See Note 3		4		V
$\Delta V_{OD} $ Change in magnitude of differential output voltage <sup>§</sup>	$R_L = 54 \Omega$ , See Figure 1			$\pm 0.2$	V
$V_{OC}$ Common-mode output voltage				3	V
$\Delta V_{OC} $ Change in magnitude of common-mode output voltage <sup>§</sup>				$\pm 0.2$	V
$I_O$ Output current	Output disabled, See Note 4	$V_O = 12 \text{ V}$		1	mA
		$V_O = -7 \text{ V}$		-0.8	
$I_{IH}$ High-level input current	$V_I = 2.4 \text{ V}$			20	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IL}$ Low-level input current	$V_I = 0.4 \text{ V}$			-400	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OS}$ Short-circuit output current	$V_O = -7 \text{ V}$			-250	mA
	$V_O = 0$			-150	
	$V_O = V_{CC}$			250	
	$V_O = 12 \text{ V}$			250	
$I_{CC}$ Supply current (total package)	No load	Outputs enabled	42	70	mA
		Outputs disabled	26	35	

<sup>†</sup> The power-off measurement in EIA Standard RS-422-A applies to disabled outputs only and is not applied to combined inputs and outputs.

<sup>‡</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$  and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

<sup>§</sup>  $\Delta|V_{OD}|$  and  $\Delta|V_{OC}|$  are the changes in magnitude of  $V_{OD}$  and  $V_{OC}$ , respectively, that occur when the input is changed from a high level to a low level.

NOTES: 3. See EIA Standard RS-485 Figure 3.5, Test Termination Measurement 2.

4. This applies for both power on and off; refer to EIA Standard RS-485 for exact conditions. The RS-422-A limit does not apply for a combined driver and receiver terminal.

### switching characteristics, $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$t_{d(OD)}$ Differential output delay time	$R_L = 54 \Omega$ , See Figure 3		15	22	ns
$t_{t(OD)}$ Differential output transition time			20	30	ns
$t_{PZH}$ Output enable time to high level	$R_L = 110 \Omega$ , See Figure 4		85	120	ns
$t_{PZL}$ Output enable time to low level	$R_L = 110 \Omega$ , See Figure 5		40	60	ns
$t_{PHZ}$ Output disable time from high level	$R_L = 110 \Omega$ , See Figure 4		150	250	ns
$t_{PLZ}$ Output disable time from low level	$R_L = 110 \Omega$ , See Figure 5		20	30	ns

**SYMBOL EQUIVALENTS**

DATA SHEET PARAMETER	RS-422-A	RS-485
$V_O$	$V_{Oa}, V_{Ob}$	$V_{Oa}, V_{Ob}$
$ V_{OD1} $	$V_O$	$V_O$
$ V_{OD2} $	$V_t (R_L = 100 \Omega)$	$V_t (R_L = 54 \Omega)$
$ V_{OD3} $	None	$V_t$ (Test Termination Measurement 2)
$\Delta V_{OD} $	$   V_t  -  \bar{V}_t   $	$   V_t  -  \bar{V}_t   $
$V_{OC}$	$ V_{os} $	$ V_{os} $
$\Delta V_{OC} $	$ V_{os} - \bar{V}_{os} $	$ V_{os} - \bar{V}_{os} $
$I_{OS}$	$ I_{sa} ,  I_{sb} $	None
$I_O$	$ I_{xa} ,  I_{xb} $	$I_{ia}, I_{ib}$

**RECEIVER SECTION**

**electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of common-mode input voltage, supply voltage, and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IT+}$ Positive-going input threshold voltage	$V_O = 2.7 \text{ V}$ , $I_O = -0.4 \text{ mA}$			0.2	V
$V_{IT-}$ Negative-going input threshold voltage	$V_O = 0.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_O = 8 \text{ mA}$	-0.2‡			V
$V_{hys}$ Input hysteresis voltage ( $V_{IT+} - V_{IT-}$ )			50		mV
$V_{IK}$ Enable clamp voltage	$I_I = -18 \text{ mA}$			-1.5	V
$V_{OH}$ High-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = 200 \text{ mV}$ , See Figure 2 $I_{OH} = -400 \mu\text{A}$ ,		2.7		V
$V_{OL}$ Low-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = -200 \text{ mV}$ , See Figure 2 $I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$ ,			0.45	V
$I_{OZ}$ High-impedance-state output current	$V_O = 0.4 \text{ V to } 2.4 \text{ V}$			$\pm 20$	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_I$ Line input current	Other input = 0 V, See Note 5 $V_I = 12 \text{ V}$ $V_I = -7 \text{ V}$			1 -0.8	mA
$I_{IH}$ High-level enable input current	$V_{IH} = 2.7 \text{ V}$			20	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IL}$ Low-level enable input current	$V_{IL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$			-100	$\mu\text{A}$
$r_i$ Input resistance	$V_I = 12 \text{ V}$		12		k $\Omega$
$I_{OS}$ Short-circuit output current		-15		-85	mA
$I_{CC}$ Supply current (total package)	No load				mA
			Outputs enabled	42 70	
			Outputs disabled	26 35	

† All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

‡ The algebraic convention, in which the less-positive (more-negative) limit is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet for common-mode input voltage and threshold voltage levels only.

NOTE 5: This applies for both power on and power off. Refer to EIA Standard RS-485 for exact conditions.

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switching characteristics,  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$t_{PLH}$ Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	$V_{ID} = 0\text{ to }3\text{ V}$ , See Figure 6		21	35	ns
$t_{PHL}$ Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output			23	35	ns
$t_{PZH}$ Output enable time to high level	See Figure 7		10	20	ns
$t_{PZL}$ Output enable time to low level			12	20	ns
$t_{PHZ}$ Output disable time from high level	See Figure 7		20	35	ns
$t_{PLZ}$ Output disable time from low level			17	25	ns

### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

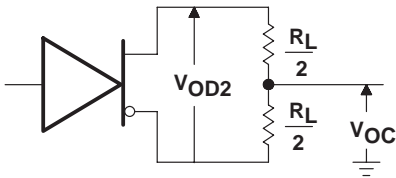


Figure 1. Driver  $V_{OD}$  and  $V_{OC}$

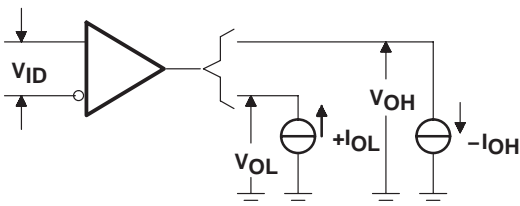
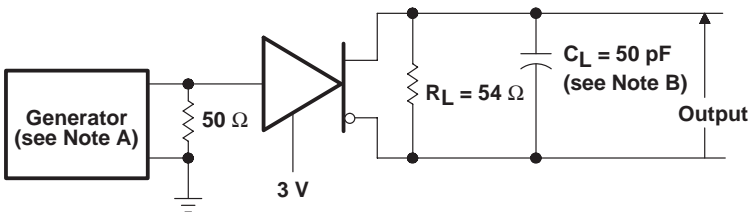


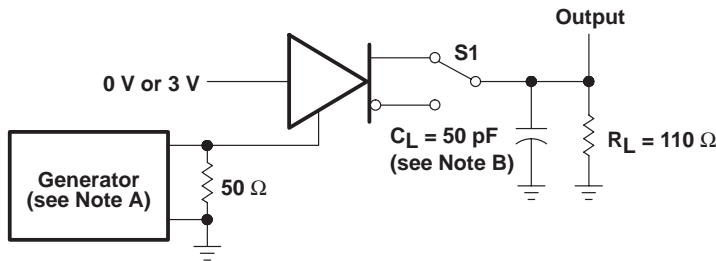
Figure 2. Receiver  $V_{OH}$  and  $V_{OL}$



#### TEST CIRCUIT

NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1\text{ MHz}$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6\text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 6\text{ ns}$ ,  $Z_O = 50\ \Omega$ .  
 B.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 3. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

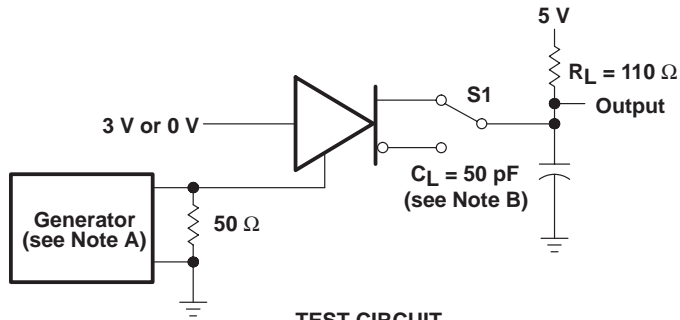


#### TEST CIRCUIT

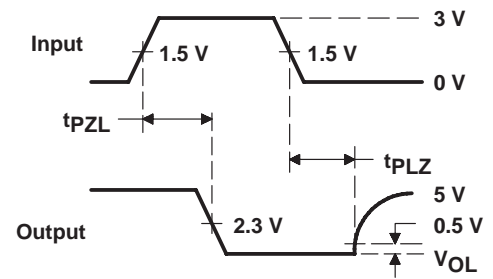
NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1\text{ MHz}$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6\text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 6\text{ ns}$ ,  $Z_O = 50\ \Omega$ .  
 B.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 4. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



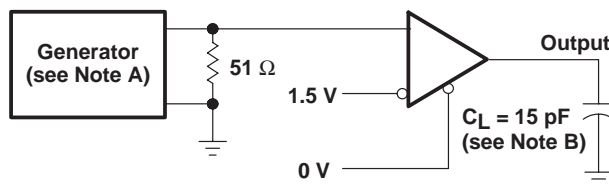
**TEST CIRCUIT**



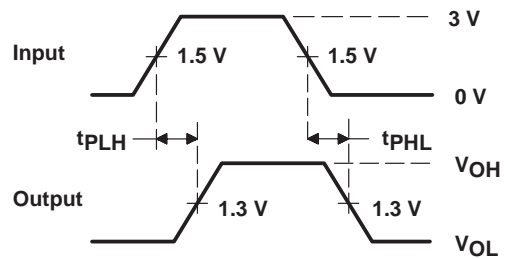
**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS**

- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6 \text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 6 \text{ ns}$ ,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .  
B.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

**Figure 5. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**



**TEST CIRCUIT**



**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS**

- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6 \text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 6 \text{ ns}$ ,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .  
B.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

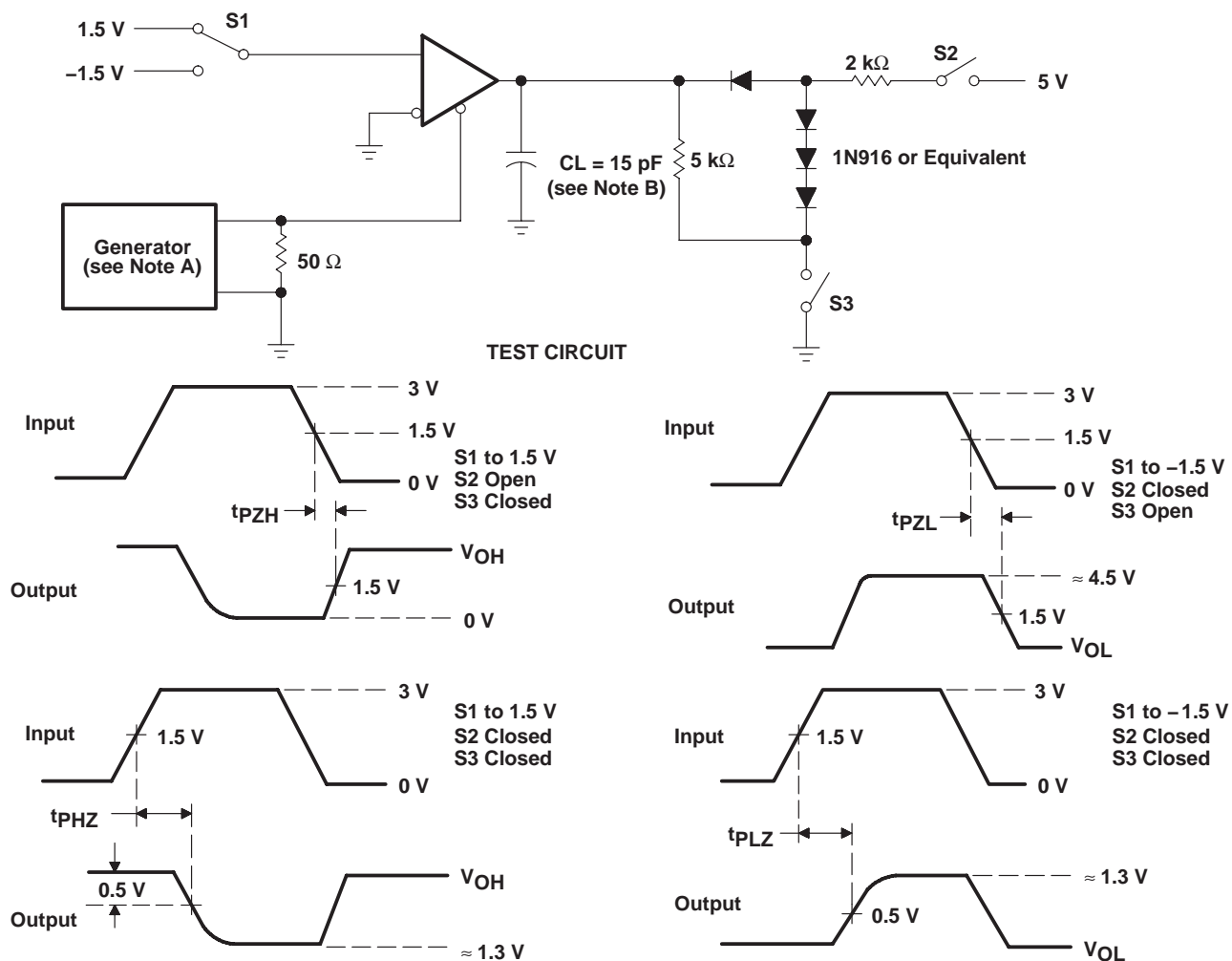
**Figure 6. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**

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### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6 \text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 6 \text{ ns}$ ,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .  
B.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

**Figure 7. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

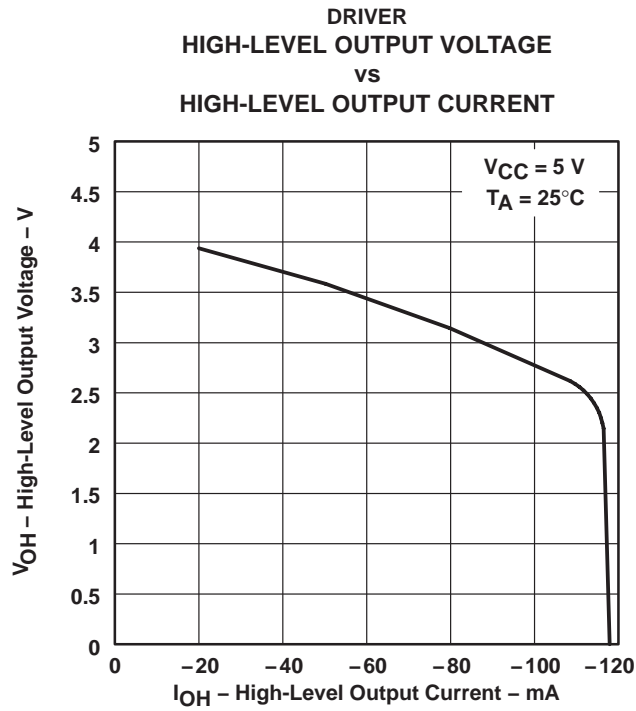


Figure 8

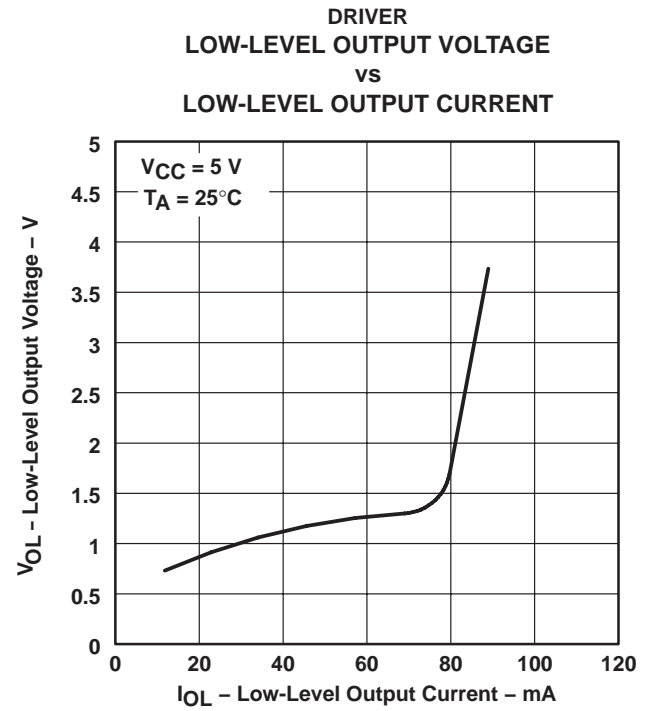


Figure 9

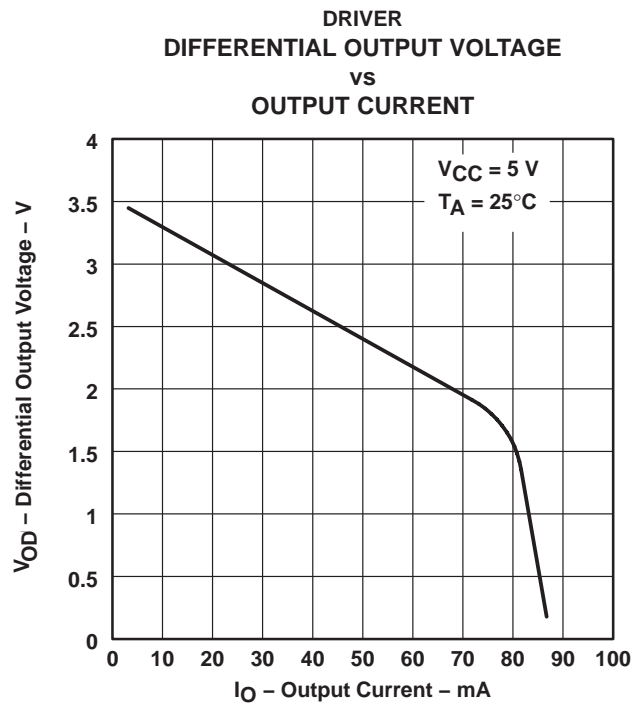


Figure 10

# SN95176B

## DIFFERENTIAL BUS TRANSCEIVER

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### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

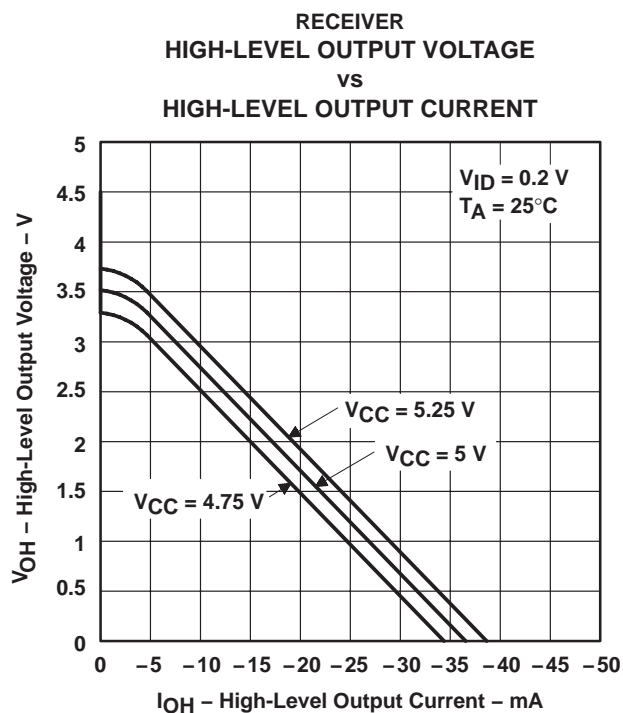


Figure 11

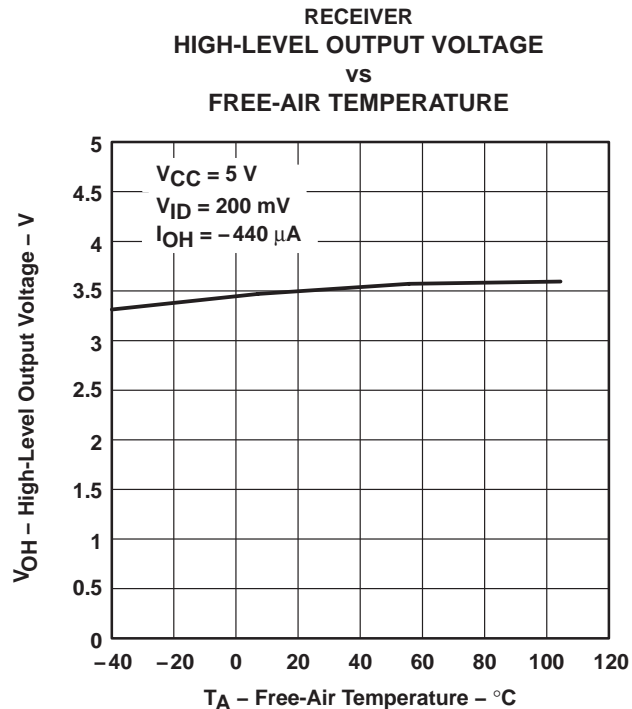


Figure 12

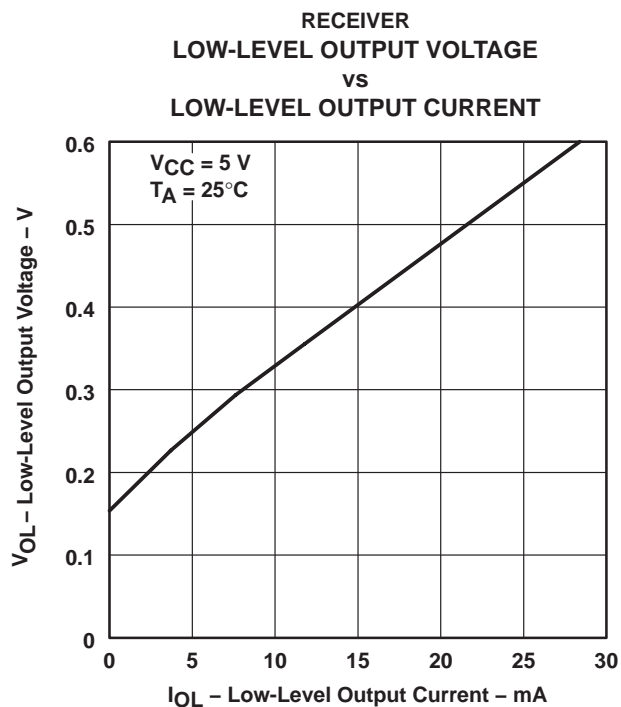


Figure 13

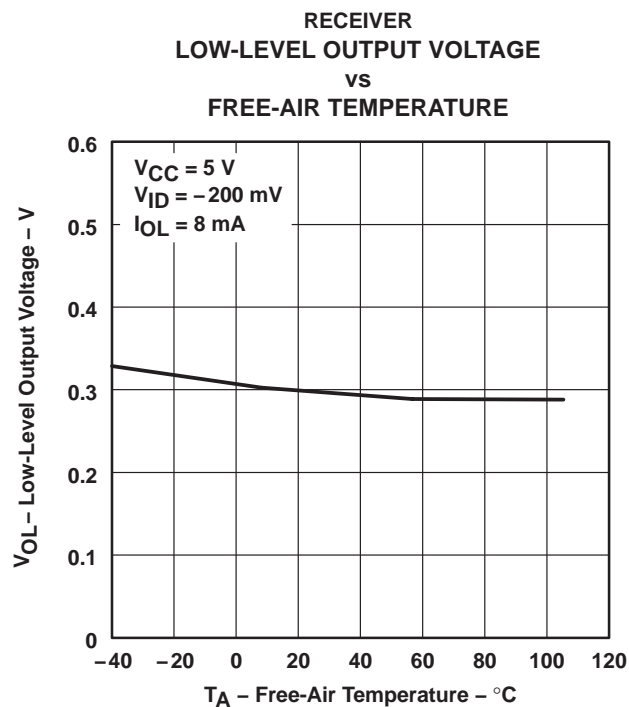


Figure 14



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## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

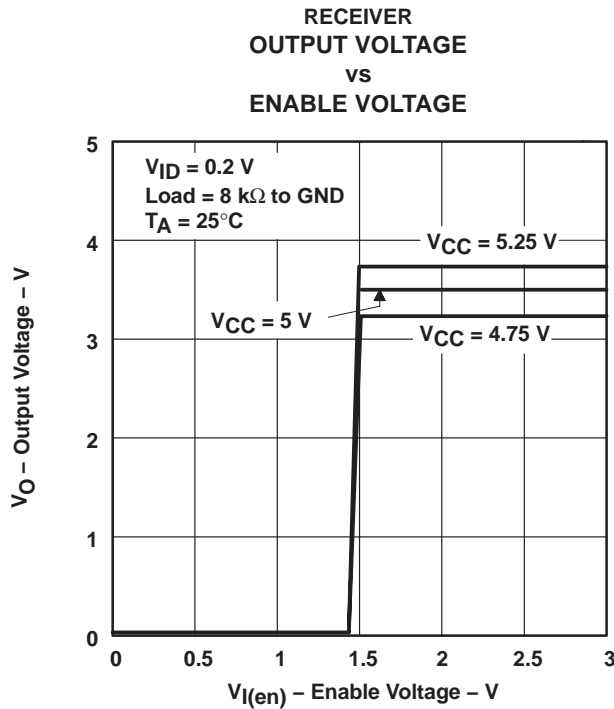


Figure 15

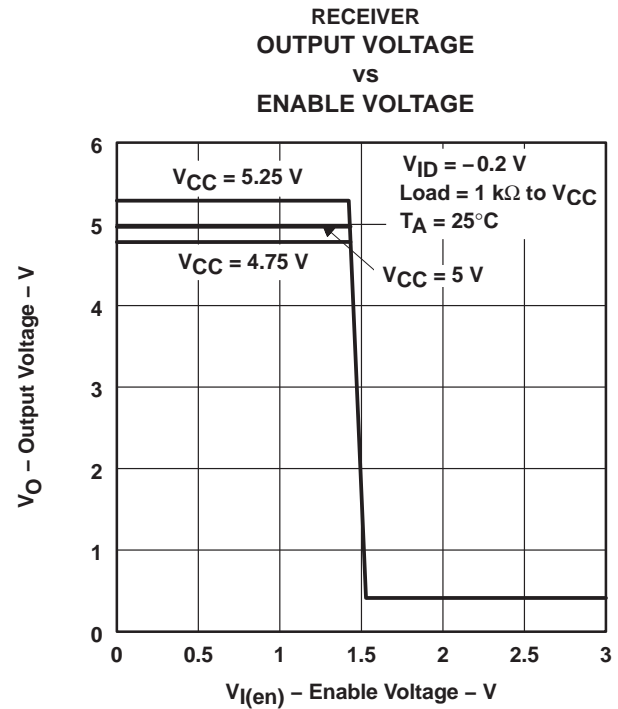


Figure 16

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

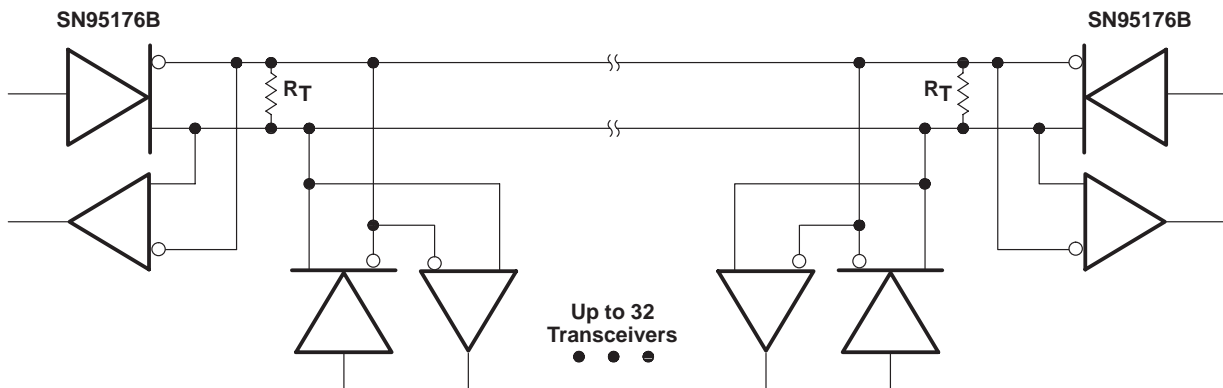


Figure 17. Typical Application Circuit

NOTE A: The line should terminate at both ends in its characteristic impedance ( $R_T = Z_0$ ). Stub lengths off the main line should be kept as short as possible.

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
SN95176BJG	OBSOLETE	CDIP	JG	8		TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SNJ95176BFFK	OBSOLETE	LCCC	FK	20		TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SNJ95176BJG	OBSOLETE	CDIP	JG	8		TBD	Call TI	Call TI

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS) or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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## JG (R-GDIP-T8)

## CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
  - D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification.
  - E. Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDIP1-T8

FK (S-CQCC-N\*\*)

LEADLESS CERAMIC CHIP CARRIER

28 TERMINAL SHOWN



NO. OF TERMINALS **	A		B	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
20	0.342 (8,69)	0.358 (9,09)	0.307 (7,80)	0.358 (9,09)
28	0.442 (11,23)	0.458 (11,63)	0.406 (10,31)	0.458 (11,63)
44	0.640 (16,26)	0.660 (16,76)	0.495 (12,58)	0.560 (14,22)
52	0.740 (18,78)	0.761 (19,32)	0.495 (12,58)	0.560 (14,22)
68	0.938 (23,83)	0.962 (24,43)	0.850 (21,6)	0.858 (21,8)
84	1.141 (28,99)	1.165 (29,59)	1.047 (26,6)	1.063 (27,0)



4040140/D 01/11

- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - This package can be hermetically sealed with a metal lid.
  - Falls within JEDEC MS-004

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